Leopold Center for Sustainable Agriculture



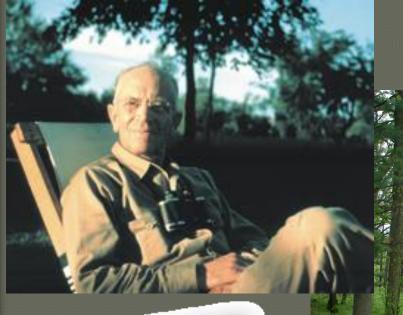
Jeri Neal, Program Leader, Ecological Systems and Research

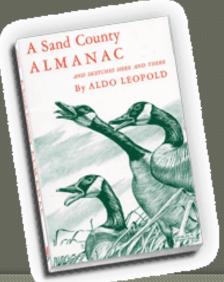
Leopold Center for Sustainable Agriculture Iowa State University 211B Curtiss Hall, Ames, Iowa 50011-1050 (515) 294-5610



To keep every cog and wheel is the first precaution of intelligent tinkering

Aldo Leopold





...a land ethic changes the role of Homo sapiens from conqueror of the land-community to plain member and citizen of it...



- Identify & research negative impacts of agriculture
- Develop profitable systems that conserve natural resources
- Plan and deliver information with ISU Extension



About the Center...

STAFF

- Director
- DistinguishedFellow
- Program leaders (4)
- Accountant
- Communications specialist & intern
- Administrative assistant

- Location: on the lowa State central campus
- 17 memberAdvisory Board
- Budget \$1.9 million



Program areas.....



- Ecological Systems
- Policy
- Food & Marketing
- Cross-Cutting
- CompetitiveEducation Support



Activities and outreach

- Competitive Grants research, education & demonstration (annual, may be multi-year)
- Communications, Outreach (ongoing)
- Partnerships, working groups and research teams (ongoing)



Cool Tools

www.leopold.iastate.edu

- Website
- Facebook
- Quarterly newsletter
- E-news and notes
- Publications
- Annual report
- Impact sheets
- White papers
- Displays
- Videos



Cultivating local biomass for renewable energy

By STEFANIETROUT, Leopold Center Graduate Communications Assistant

A s the local food movement continues to gain momentum, the University of lowa is positioned to start a new trend: local fuel.

The UI Biomass Fuel Project emerged in response to the University's 2010 pledge to achieve at least 40 percent renewable energy consumption by 2020. The plan seeks to green the campus's energy portfolio with locally-grown biomass that could improve lowa's environment, benefit local communities, and support the rural economy.

At the time, only 11 percent of the fuel burned in UIs power plant came from biomass, in the form of oat hulls, while 50 percent of the energy was generated from burning coal. The University consumes 90,000 tons of coal each year, all of which is imported from outside of Iowa. The 2020 target will cut coal use by half and make up the difference through locallysourced biomass that could retain millions of dollars that would have been spent on out-of-state coal.

In 2012, a Leopold Center grant supported the formation of the Biomass Partnership Project (BPP). This pilot project brought potential collaborators—from researchers to industrial representatives to farmers—to the table to assess strategies for cultivating

BIOMASS (cont. on page 4)

Food at work: More than vending machines

By SAVANNA LYONS, Leopold Center Graduate Marketing Assistant

The vending machine and cafeteria aren't the only places to get food while on the job these days. Employees at some eastern loware.

employees at their workplaces. The Worksite Food Box strategy has shown promise as a way of reaching customers who otherwise would not consume local

INSIDE THIS ISSUE





Director: Losing more than just a species

Kirschenmann: Strategies for



Current focus

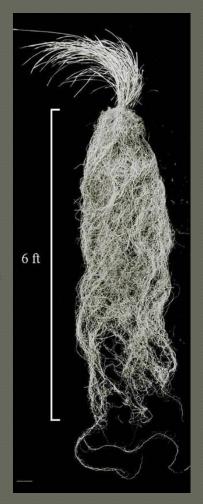


Healthy Soils

Increasing Biodiversity



Pattern over Problem



















Agricultural Law Center



Home

This site is intended to assist landowners and farmers develop farm lease arrangements that are profitable and sustainable for the landowner, the farmer, the community, and the land.

The Landowner's Toolbox

There are four primary tools available on this site. A description of each tool and access to the tools can be found in the Landowner's Toolbox.

ieo Library

er's Guide g Priorities Reference

Landowner's Toolbox

- The Landowner's Guide to Sustainable Farm Leasing
- Video Library
- Decision Tree
- Quick Reference

Reference Material

- Tenancy Law
- Conservation Law
- · Bibliography
- · Links
- o Form Leases

making the news...



Check out the manual: Machinery Sharing Manual for Fruit and Vegetable Growers

Read a related publication: Potential for Machinery: A Case Study of Fruit and Vegetable Growers in Iowa

Revisit a <u>Leopold Letter article</u> on this project [Fall 2013]

Related grant projects:

Innovated equipment solutions to reduce costs and improve productivity for small-scale fruit and vegetable growers [M2013-07]

Machinery management for small- and medium-sized horticultural farms [M2012-11]

⚠ Local Food System Toolkit 1: Developing a Worksite Food Box Program

JULY 2014

Savanna Lyons, Leopold Center for Sustainable Agriculture; Nick McCann, Teresa Wiemerslage and Nick Mabe

This is a guide for creating a program for pre-packed food boxes delivered weekly and picked up by employees at their workplaces. It is marketed to employers, such as businesses, universities and hospitals who want locally grown food more accessible for their employees. This was a collaboration with the lowa Food Hub and ISU Extension and Outreach. News release Newsletter article about this project

Download Document (PDF)

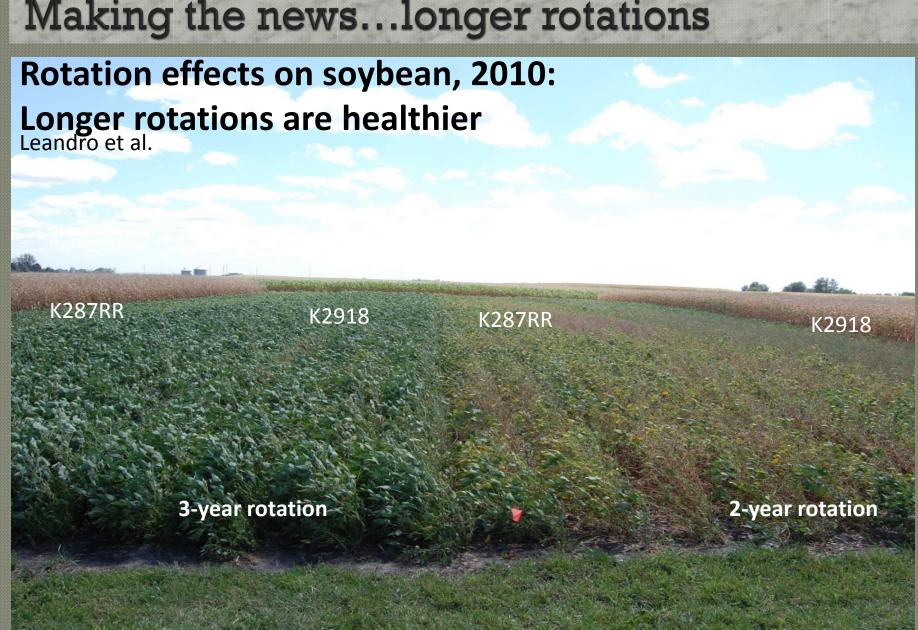
Current Projects

- Convening the Regional Food Systems
 Working Group (RFSWG)
- Small-farm business development incubator for refugee farmers
- An automated mechanical intra-row weed removal system for vegetable crops
- Market development and logistics for local food distribution in the Cedar Valley

Learn more at:

http://www.leopold.iastate.edu/marketing

Making the news...longer rotations











100% crops

90% crops: 10% prairie





Making the news: STRIPS



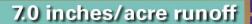
On an average 100% crop field:

13 plant species 1 bird species, 2 birds per field

What 10% in prairie strips can do:

Four-fold increase in plant species

Twice the bird species,
three times the abundance

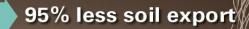


5,635 lbs/acre sediment lost

34.9 lbs/acre nitrogen lost

7.4 lbs/acre phosphorus lost

40% less runoff



84% less nitrogen export

90% less phosphorus export

A Landowner's Guide to Prairie Conservation Strips

Small Changes, Big Impacts: Prairie Conservation Strips



The Cost of Prairie Conservation Strips

Adapted from the STRIPs research paper:

Tyndall, J. C., L. A. Schulte, M. Liebman, and M. Helmers. "Field-Level Financial Assessment of Contour Prairie Strips for Enhancement of Environmental Quality." *Environmental Management*, 2013. DOI: 10.1007/s00267-013-0106-9.



What are prairie conservation strips?

Prairie conservation strips are a tool for improving the function and integrity of row-cropped farms. Researchers at STRIPs (Science-based Trials of Rowcrops Integrated with Prairies) have found that strategically planting small patches and strips of native prairie in farmland provides multifunctional benefits disproportional to the amount of

Why plant prairie strips on my land?

Prairie strips are of primary importance because they prevent soil erosion and nutrient runoff from farmland. Specifically, converting just 10 percent of farmland to prairie can reduce sediment and nutrient transport off the field into waterways by more than 90 percent. They also increase pollinator, plant and wildlife diversity, create









More trees?...the making of MAAWG

- Origin: from Leopold-funded event & then chartered 2009.
- Purpose: to provide an organization for advancing the science, practice & adoption of agroforestry by landowners and natural resource managers in the Midwest.

Goals:

- 1. Identify core issues (gaps/barriers/conflicts/ opportunities) for advancing agroforestry.
- 2. Initiate & coordinate actions to address & resolve core issues.
- 3. Communicate effectively w/ key audiences about the Working Group's purpose, goals, and core issue actions and findings.



MidAmerican Agroforestry Working Group

What

- A public-private partnership
- A working group whose members are actively engaged in agroforestryrelated
 - research, development, knowledge and technology transfer;
 - providing technical assistance to landowners/producers
 - production of goods and services from agroforestry practices/systems.

Organizational Strategy

promote adoption of agroforestry through:

- · expanding knowledge,
- · coordinating and leveraging resources, and
- · building stakeholder capacity.

Implementation

- Leopold Center convenes & facilitates;
- Conference call meetings, email and can have annual face-to-face
- Steering Committee made of highly active members who develop agendas and follow-up on actions items agreed to by its members.

AGROFORESTRY LOGIC MODEL

Mission Statement: The purpose of the Mid-American Agroforestry Working Group (MAAWG) is to provide an organization for advancing the science, practice, and adoption of agroforestry by landowners and natural resource managers in the Midwest region of the U.S.

	Inputs	Activities		Outputs	Outcomes	Measurements
	What We Invest	What We Do Who We Reach		What Results		What We Measure
	<u>Economic</u>	Short-Term (1 Year)		Short-Term (1 Year)	Awareness	Awareness
	Grant money Donations In-kind contributions	Develop work plan Increase MAAWG working group's capacity Obtain funding for ongoing facilitation Integrate state and federal survey questions	• MAWWG Working Group Participants	Develop work plan Increase organizational capacity Obtain funding for ongoing facilitation Integrate state and federal survey questions	Increased awareness regarding agroforestry practices and their economic, social, environmental benefits Increased motivation to adopt agroforestry practices	The number of page views on http://maawg.wordpress.com/ The number of resource PDF's downloaded Survey responses
N. A.	<u>People</u>	Mid-term (1-3 years)		Mid-term (1-3 years)	<u>Action</u>	Action
	Steering committee, working group members, facilitator Stakeholders: NGO's, producers, businesses Researchers, service providers	Create or aggregate case-studies & resource budgets Develop communications plan Agroforestry projects: FFA	Agroforestry Practitioners Policy Makers	Create or aggregate case studies & resource budgets Develop a communications plan Agroforestry projects: FFA	Increased skills among agroforestry practitioners Increased adoption of agroforestry practices Greater incorporation of agroforestry into public policy	Harvesting techniques Planting techniques Growing techniques Marketing techniques
	<u>Equipment</u>	Long-term (3+ years)		Long-term (3+ years)	<u>Sustainability</u>	Sustainability
	Computers, phones, software Conference space Virtual network structure supported by technology platform	Contribute to agroforestry research Reproduce the working group	Researchers Future Working Group Participants	Contribute to agroforestry research Reproduce the working group.	Increased economic returns documented for 25 Agroforestry practitioners Improved environmental impacts (soil, water, air, diversity) Increased availability of agroforestry products, improved access to clean air, soil, and water	5% increased in ROI for agroforestry investments Nitrogen content in soil Number of species found on sites Water pollutants 5% increase in agroforestry markets for pawpaw fruit & chestnuts

More trees?...and the making of MAAWG

GAPS (2009)

- Communications and Education about agroforestry
- Models to demonstrate it
- Training
- Research

MidAmerican Agroforestry Working Group



MidAmerican Agroforestry Working Group

- Collaboration on activities and conferences
- Revision and reprint of training manual
- Midwest Web presence
- Drafted language NASS 2012 Census on Agriculture
- Grants
- Training and Education
- Peer support and encouragement
- Identify ongoing priorities for agroforestry agenda



Moving agroforestry forward...

IMPROVE CONNECTIONS to other CLC strategies (and watersheds) through existing and new partners

- a. Annual meetings, or different model, to enhance interaction.
- b. Collect tools in central location for easier incorporation of agroforestry (i.e., targeting tools for riparian buffers for multiple purposes)
- c. Identify 'issues' w/in Farm Bill that are creating adoption 'disincentives' to WQ/watershed improvement project.



Moving agroforestry forward...

GENERATE COMMON UNDERSTANDING eg. address misconceptions and -perceptions of agroforestry w/in agencies, landowner groups & nat. resource providers

- a. Create Tool Visualization Catalog of Agroforestry Practices for different regions, start with Midwest
- b. Use COMMON LANGUAGE/DEFINITIONS

PROVIDE TRAINING & EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES

- a. Conduct Agroforestry Academies (Gold-MO)(Jensen IA T4VR)
- b. Tie into national-level forestry & crop certification programs (SAF/Tri-Societies) to reach landowners, CCA, & farm managers.



Questions?

Jeri Neal, Program Leader, Ecological Systems and Research

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