# "FarmLink" Promoting Conservation Practices One-to-One

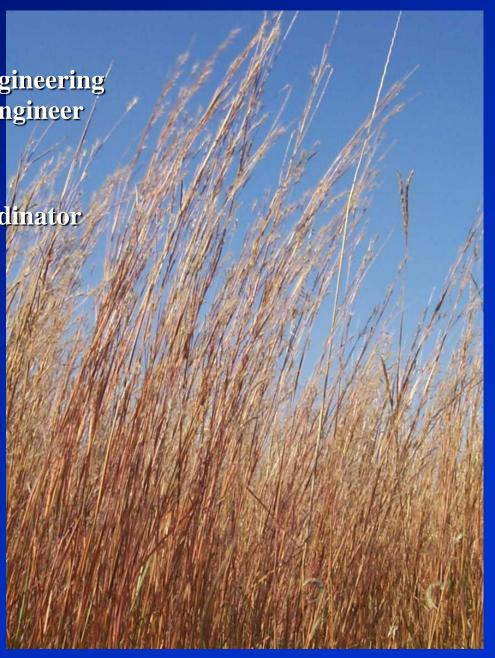


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## **Background**

One-to-one educational programming is certainly not new or unique - it was one of the most-used Extension methods for many years. However, because of budget and time constraints, we have generally moved away from this technique.

In certain circumstances, though, one-to-one programming can be a very effective tool.

# **Accelerating Riparian Buffer Adoption to Enhance Water Quality and Farm Income**

**USDA-CSREES** Extension Education project funded in 2000







## **Overall Objective**

• Foster the installation of conservation buffers to protect water quality



## Three component approach

- Multi-faceted educational program
- Demonstration sites
- Peer-based outreach program

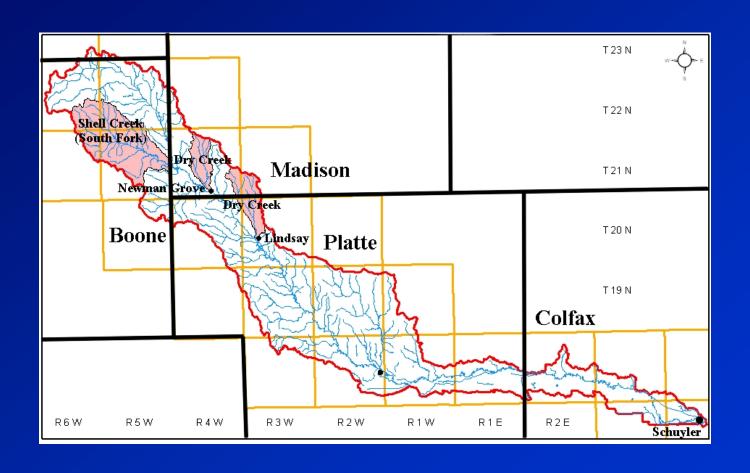


## Peer-Based Outreach Program

• "FarmLink" - farmers or other rural leaders individually contact farmers and landowners to promote conservation practice adoption



## Selected Target Area — Shell Creek Watershed



#### FarmLink Advisor Selection Criteria

- Local farmer/landowner (possibly semi-retired)
- Land next to stream
- Well-kept farmstead
- Well-respected, recognized as a leader
- Strong conservation ethic
- Good communicator
- Motivated, positive attitude, out-going
- 4 individuals selected

## FarmLink Advisor Training

- Conducted by Extension, NRCS, NRD
- Buffer benefits and design basics
- Government program availability
- "Sales" techniques

#### **Farm Visit Process**

- Required to be "on-farm", face-to-face
- Scheduled in advance via phone not "cold"
- Generally 1.5 to 2.5 hours duration
- During "off-peak" periods not during harvest or planting

#### **Farm Visit Content**

• Discuss different conservation practices, benefits, other options, etc.

• Use aerial photo to show where practices might be utilized

• Discuss availability of government programs that can be used to help with costs of installation maintenance, and land costs

• Sign intent form if interested/committed to practice installation

• Encourage follow-up visit to NRCS office to develop/sign practice installation contract

## **Advisor Payment**

- Made clear that Advisor was not University employee
- \$30 per on-farm visit
- \$0.30 per mile
- \$100 bonus if landowner signs practice installation contract with NRCS/FSA

## **Project Coordinator Role/Responsibility**

- Locate and screen potential advisors
- Assist with training
- Provide on-going supervision and monitoring
  - Answer routine questions
- Process reimbursement claims
- Liaison with NRCS/FSA
  - Deliver signed intent forms
  - Follow-up on progress
- Contact landowners
  - Encourage to contact NRCS/FSA
  - Answer questions, etc.

## **Shell Creek FarmLink Program**

- Some Accomplishments/Impacts
  - 42 individuals contacted by advisors
  - 28 signed intent form
  - 16 contracts executed
    - 61.3 ac. of conservation buffers
      - ~20 ac. of grassed waterways
        - control runoff from ~225 ac.
      - ~41 ac. of stream-side buffers
        - filter runoff from ~2000 ac.
        - protect 12,200 ft. of streambank
    - >\$73,800 payments over life of contracts

## **Shell Creek FarmLink Program**

- Additional Accomplishments/Impacts
  - One advisor also installed 10.4 ac. of buffers
    - 1.1 ac. grassed waterway
      - control runoff from >30 ac.
    - 4.3 ac. streamside buffer
      - filter runoff from ~200 ac.
      - protect 5,282 ft. of streambank
    - 5 ac. of cropland planted to grass
      - erosion reduced ~20 tons per year
      - wildlife habitat established
    - >\$10,000 payments over life of contract

#### **Some Problems Encountered**

- NRCS Field Office personnel often did not follow-up on indicated interest by landowners
  - Numerous other programs to administer
  - On-farm visits viewed as potentially discriminatory
- Some advisors did not perform
  - Too busy with their own operations
  - Not fully committed to conservation
- CCRP rental payments have not kept pace with current cash rents
  - No differential for irrigated land

#### **Some Reasons for Success**

- Individualized attention
  - Ability to tailor to individual person/situation
    - Discuss multiple practices and options
    - Many not aware of program availability
- Initial contact is with "neighbor", not agency
- Personable, knowledgeable advisors
  - Well known and respected
  - Conservation advocates
- Promotes adoption vs. primarily awareness
  - Intent form implies commitment
  - Likely some feelings of guilt

## Summary

In some situations, one-to-one information delivery can be a very effective educational programming tool that can be adapted to a variety of situations.

"You have given me more information in this hour and a half than I could have ever gotten leaning across the counter at the USDA Service Center."

- Shell Creek Landowner

## Thank You

**Questions?** 



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